ARSOLUTELY PURE

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THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1893.

MAYOR-ELECT JOHN P. HOPKINS, of Chicago, assumes the reigns of mu nicipal government Dec. 27.

THE more time clapses since the Chicago election, the less ground the republicans have to stand on for their proposed contest.

MISS VENABLE of Gourgia has refused to marry a foreign title. The owner of the title is almost insane. It is probably not so much grief as surprise that has overthrown his mind.

Mars for the use of farmers, describing the chemical qualities of the land in various parts of the country and naming the best manures for each section, have been proposed in

ANOTHER person has been killed, this time in Worcester, Mass., by a pistol whose handler "didn't know it wasloaded." All pistols are loaded. This is the only assumption upon which it is safe for a man to go.

An Uregon postmaster has been detected in paying his debts and is under arrest. The difficulty seems to be that he paid in postage stamps and charged the government a commission for disposing of them. With-out seeking to prejudice his case it must be conceded that the affair does smack of hoggishness.

AMATEUR skirt dancing has been ousted in Australia by the skipping parties, which are all the craze just ow in fashionable circles. Mrs. Rupert Clarke is responsible for in-troducing this fascinating form of entertainment to Melbourne society. Tournaments are held on the asphalt tennis courts, and valuable prizes are offered by many hostesses for the most successfully.

NICARAGUA has soneted laws that bear very hard on the alien. The underlying idea seems to be to have the alien furnish the money for a government devoted mostly to his own oppression. When Nicaragua shall have acquired the largest standing army in the world, and the largest navy, it may be able to ex-ecute these laws. In the meantime, much satisfaction may be derived from contemplating the fact that such august enactments adorn and glorify the statute books.

If the president's message on the Hawalian situation contained nothing else it would be gratifying to his party from its trenchant dealing with officious ex-Minister Stevens. Mr. Cleveland has drawn the man's character in a few admirable pen strokes and puts the case with sareastic clearness when he says that Stevens "evidently had an ardent desire that the revolutionary project should become a fact accom-plished during his ministry, and was not inconveniently scrupulous as to

the means employed to that end."

Americans may well thank their president for squeezing this Stevens nettle hard. Senators Hoar and Frye have backed Stevens. Mr. Cleveland has unceremoniously told what he is-a petty, meddlesome ereature, totally unfit to be the custodian of a great nation's honor in a foreign land.

The message further shows that the revolutionists, according to prerions intention, put themselves in the hands of the United States, and have never yet tried to establish a government with the consent of the governed. The queen by compul-sion also threw herself upon the judgment of the United States. The president has endeavored to right the wrong done by Stevens, but has been prevented by Liliuekalani's weakness, and the limitations upon his power. The queen is evidently both a week and foolish person. The ring which has possession of the government is determined to press its advantages. There the case stands.

grees now takes the helm. If annexation, let them say so. If they dare to defend the immorality of an annexated attack upon a friendly THE LAWYER OF TODAY.

"There is as much learning bere in "There is as much learning here in the legal profession as ever, but it is not on exhibition," said a Philadelphia lawyer. "In the first place, the courts will not countenance its undue display. In old times an advocate was allowed great latitude. Formerly, in a case of damages caused by a neglected aidewalk, the attorney would be allowed to expound not only the laws relating to damages for neglect, but he might damages for neglect, but he might stray off into the realms of medical ju-rispradence at great length, and even perorate with an allusion to the Magna Charta, the constitution and the Amer-ican eagle. At present a lawyer must confine himself to the real merits of his

ase. The machinery of our courts has grown too costly to permit such waste of time. It follows that there is less oratorical skill displayed than in former days, especially at the period when some of our leading lawyers made a specialty of criminal defense. Now few lawyers of eminence, either in Philadelphia or the cost concernity undertake the dethe east generally, undertake the de-fense in a criminal case.

"Today the practice of law, like other professions, is becoming more and more specialized. A law office is simply a business office, as you may discover by visiting some of the handsome new office buildings down town. I know of one office where there are several partners, that would remind you of a banking office, and where a bookkeeper and cashier is employed to pay off clerks, typewriters and other employees. You will, however, still find veteran members of the bar pursuing old time methods in a cozy, quiet office, sitting at a baize cov-ered table amid a wilderness of well thumbed books. They carry a dark green bag filled with briefs when they go to court, precisely as all lawyers did 50 years ago, and as London barristers

"As to young lawyers, however tal-ented they may be, if without social or political prestige, their struggle to adrance in the profession is sure to be a hard one. Practice now is often inherited or transmitted in some other way. I could point out to you in Philadelphia law firms that have been confined to the members of one family or its collateral

branches since the Revolution. "I may say that there is an evident impetus to change many useless old le-gal methods. The remark of Lord Coleridge, when in this country, that there were many volumes of English legal decisions which it would do no harm to destroy, would answer as the mainspring of this impetus. Legislation is certainly advancing in this—that mere-ly experimental general laws are passed with greater difficulty than formerly."

Another lawyer, older than the other. Progress is hardly a term to apply to law, for it is founded on prece sometimes the older the better. For this reason jurisprudence is the least progressive of the sciences. Still there have been, no doubt, improvements in methods of practice, though I am not much of a code lawyer. I have had to study hard all my life. The younger lawyers appear to do little of that. They seem to believe, with Aaron Burr, that 'law is whatever is boldly advanced and plausibly maintained.'"—Philadelphia.

Trained Nurses.

The fashionable impetus which it was expected the patronage of the Princess of Wales would give to the occupation of trained nursing in England has hardly been realized. It will undoubtedly receive a stimulant in the plan, of which word now comes from the have nursing lectures at fashionable houses to instruct the aristocratic pupils in the rudiments at least of caring for the sick. These "afternoons" are to be illustrated with genuine hospital implements, including a patient, and, with tea and biscuits handed round, will take on as well an agreeable social

A story heard recently accentus the need of all this. It was related of an English peeress, who, wishing to master the duties of a trained nurse, procured admission to a hospital for such instruction. She proved an utterly hopeless pupil, and at length it was deemed advisable to ask her to resign. Her martial tread through the wards and general "heaviness" in all that she did actually made her presence a detriment, which would seem to indicate that even aristocratic nurses are born, not made.—New York Times.

A recent number of the New Zealand Mirror relates that at the petty session courts several persons were summoned to show why they should not have their certificates allowing them the control of domestic animals canceled. These cases, which have not been heard from for many years, have this year cropped up in considerable numbers, much to the up in considerable numbers, much to the regret of the better class of people. The possession of these certificates has very properly been refused to those who have shown the old aptness for cruelty, now supposed to have been eradicated by long culture of the young in better sentiments. The jury was impensed in the usual manner in such cases, half of men and half of women, all of whom were known to be clear of any charge of ill treating animals. It is an excel-

ince attigable English "globe trotters," started for south Arabia to continue the explications they have been making in various countries. They began their work in 1884 by digging along the shores of Greece. The next year they went through the \$2 Cyclades isles and carried a good many objects back to the British museum. During her first visit to Greece Mrs. Bent was unacquainted with the language, and the people prenounced her nice, very nice, but dumb. Three years later she revisited them, and, much to their surprise, conversed finently. In 1886 they visited Theses, an Egyptian island, and the next year sailed along the coast of Lycia. In 1889, wishing to go still farther afield, they started for Bahrein, on the Persian gulf, thence going across Persia and over the Caucasus, attended has a mercial execut from the shall.

Persia and over the Caucasus, attended by a special escort from the shah. On all these expeditions Mrs. Bent "roughed it" like the rest. A tent was her only shelter, and she slept in a ham-mock. The scarcity of water was the greatest privation, for in some places the supply had to be so carefully hus-banded that baths were an impossible luxury, and even tea was sometimes

impracticable. The most dangerous expedition made by Mr. and Mrs. Bent was to Mashona-land. They started in January, 1891, reached the ruins of Zimbabwe in June and retraced their steps through a pathless country via Beira, reaching England in January, 1893. They immediately returned to Abyssinia, where the natives became so fond of them that they would not allow them to leave. This was an uncomfortable sort of popularity, and after the travelers had been twice defeated in attempts to get away the situation became decidedly

Hearing that troops were pouring in and that there was a prospect of serious fighting, Mr. Bent said that they must make a strong effort to escape. Mrs. Bent is an ardent photographer and was at the time engaged in develop-ing some negatives she had made of the Abyssinian women around her. She finished her photographs first, and then, watching for a favorable opportunity, the little party mounted mules, and assisted by an Italian officer and 400 soldiers who had been sent to rescue them managed to escape from their devoted Abyssinian friends.

Mrs. Bent brought away the negatives she had persisted in finishing, and these show the costume of an Abyssinian woman to consist of two garments-s pair of trousers fitting tightly around the ankles, and a long, loose overdress lavishly worked round the neck and down the tapering sleeves, which are so tiny at the ends that one can hardly magine how a woman's hand could get through the cuffs.-New York Sun.

Achilles and the Tortoles There is one paradox which upon its face appears to be very easy of solu-tion, but which, after careful study, does not pan out so well. The story was first told upon a gentleman named Achilles, who was rather prominent in early political times, and who had a ation as an all round athletic. He could run, and run fast at that. One day as slow in those days as he is today. Achilles was some distance behind th tortoise and set out to capture it. Achilles went twice as fast as the slow old tortoise and gained constantly, but he never caught it. No matter what prog-ress Achilles made, the tortoise went ahead just half as far. By this time the distance between the two, had they lived to this day, would have been infinitesimal, but yet if Achilles and the tortoise ran with the proper mathematical pre-cision there would still be an interval

Von Moltke's Predicamen Von Moltke once went to Lindau, as he thought, incognito. He ordered a room on the ground floor in the Bayerische Hof and went to bed early, but forgot to draw his blinds down. When he was just going to sleep, he heard music drawing near. He had been recognized, after all, and was going to be serenaded again. The difficulty was how to get dressed without being seen. He dared not strike a light. But presently the glare of torches lit up his room, and the curious crowd stood close to the windows, their noses pressed against the panes. In spite of that, he felt that he must rise, so he got up and dressed. But as he put on each piece of his ap-parel the feat was greeted with loud and prolonged applause.—San Francisco

between the two.—St. Louis Globe-

Democrat.

Princess Marie of Greece.

Princess Marie of Greece is the princess whose name has been so frequently mentioned of late as a bride for the Russian czarowitz. She is 16 years of age, belongs to the same religion as the csarowitz and might make him a good wife were it not for the fact that she happens to be his first cousin, her father, King George, being brother of the czarina. And there is nothing which the canons of the Greek church more strictly prohibit than matrimonial unions between first cousins. The young princess is round faced and plump of figure, not particularly pretty, but having the vivacity and fresh coloring of early girlhood.—Exchange.

At her birthday soirce recently the German empress displayed an accom-plishment that no one knew she posplishment that no one knew she pos-cessed. Among those honored by an invitation from her majesty were the plano teacher of the crown prince, Herr Esner, and his wife. Fran Esner is a Norwegian, and as soon as the empress discovered this she spoke Norwegian, to the great delight of Fran Esner and to the surprise of her other guests.

MRS. BENT'S TRAVELS.

The Accompanies Her Husband in Sie Replorations—An Abyselaten Adventure.

The woman traveler is becoming overy year less of a novelty. Recently Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Bent, a pair of incertaing belief in the side of Paddington green started for south Arabia to continue the explicitations they have been making in

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